

MITCHELL INSTITUTE
for Aerospace Studies



Understanding the Promise of Skyborg and Low-Cost Attributable UAVs

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Overview

What are the issues?

- Understanding Skyborg, AFRL's Low Cost Attritable Aircraft Technology (LCAAT) programs, and attritable/reusable UAVs (A/R UAVs) they are developing
- USAF's diminished capacity to generate combat airpower against a peer enemy
 - The service's Combat Air Force is too small, too old, lacks sufficient survivability
 - Missile attacks on theater airbases could suppress USAF combat sortie generation

What are the opportunities?

- A new, affordable option to help increase the USAF's combat capacity
- A/R UAVs that can launch and recover without airfields would improve the USAF's ability to generate combat power from inside A2/AD envelopes
- They will also help increase survivability of the force and enable new operating concepts for networked, manned-unmanned teaming
- Affordability + modularity create new options for acquisition and operations



Describing A/R UAVs



- **Attritable:** Low cost, highly reliable and some durability, life cycles measured in a few years or less, designed with some survivability attributes
- **Reusable:** Tens to 100 sorties
- **Low cost:** \$2-20 million flyaway cost depending on their mission systems; enabled by novel manufacturing, small advanced turbine engines, etc., to reduce time and cost to manufacture

- **AI enabled**
- **Modular**
- **Capable of networked/teaming ops**
- **Some designed to launch and recover with or without airfields**



A/R UAVs are a new option to help grow the USAF's combat capacity

Today: A binary choice



EXPENDABLE

- Uses: 1
- Cost: Very low to low
- Loss tolerance: Assured
- Maintenance: Storage



SOPHISTICATED

- Uses: Many
- Cost: High to very high
- Loss tolerance: Very low
- Maintenance: Extensive

Less than \$2M

\$20M-plus

Near future: Expand the USAF's options



EXPENDABLE

- Uses: 1
- Cost: Very low to low
- Loss tolerance: Assured
- Maintenance: Storage



ATTRITABLE/REUSABLE

- Uses: 1-100s
- Cost: Low to medium
- Loss tolerance: Variable
- Maintenance: Limited



SOPHISTICATED

- Uses: Many
- Cost: High to very high
- Loss tolerance: Very low
- Maintenance: Extensive

\$2M-\$20M depending on A/R UAV mission systems

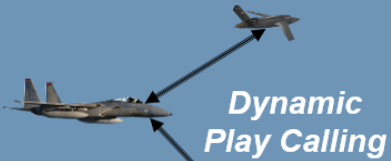
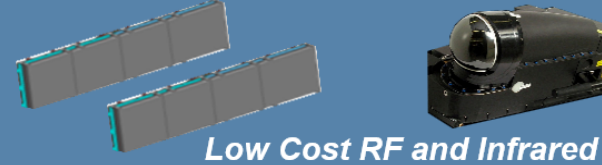


Multiple integrated initiatives

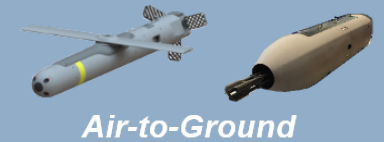
Low Cost Attritable Platforms



Sensors & Communications



Autonomy & Human Machine Interface



Weapons

Credit to AFRL for the graphic

- **ACP:** Creating autonomous technologies, airframes, propulsion, sensors & interfaces, mission systems
- **LCAAT:** Providing vehicle concepts, methods, and tools for designing A/R UAVs; includes Low Cost Attritable Strike Demo (LCASD) Joint Capability Technology Demonstration which developed the XQ-58A
- **Skyborg:** Developing AI architecture and accompanying software for a family of A/R UAVs



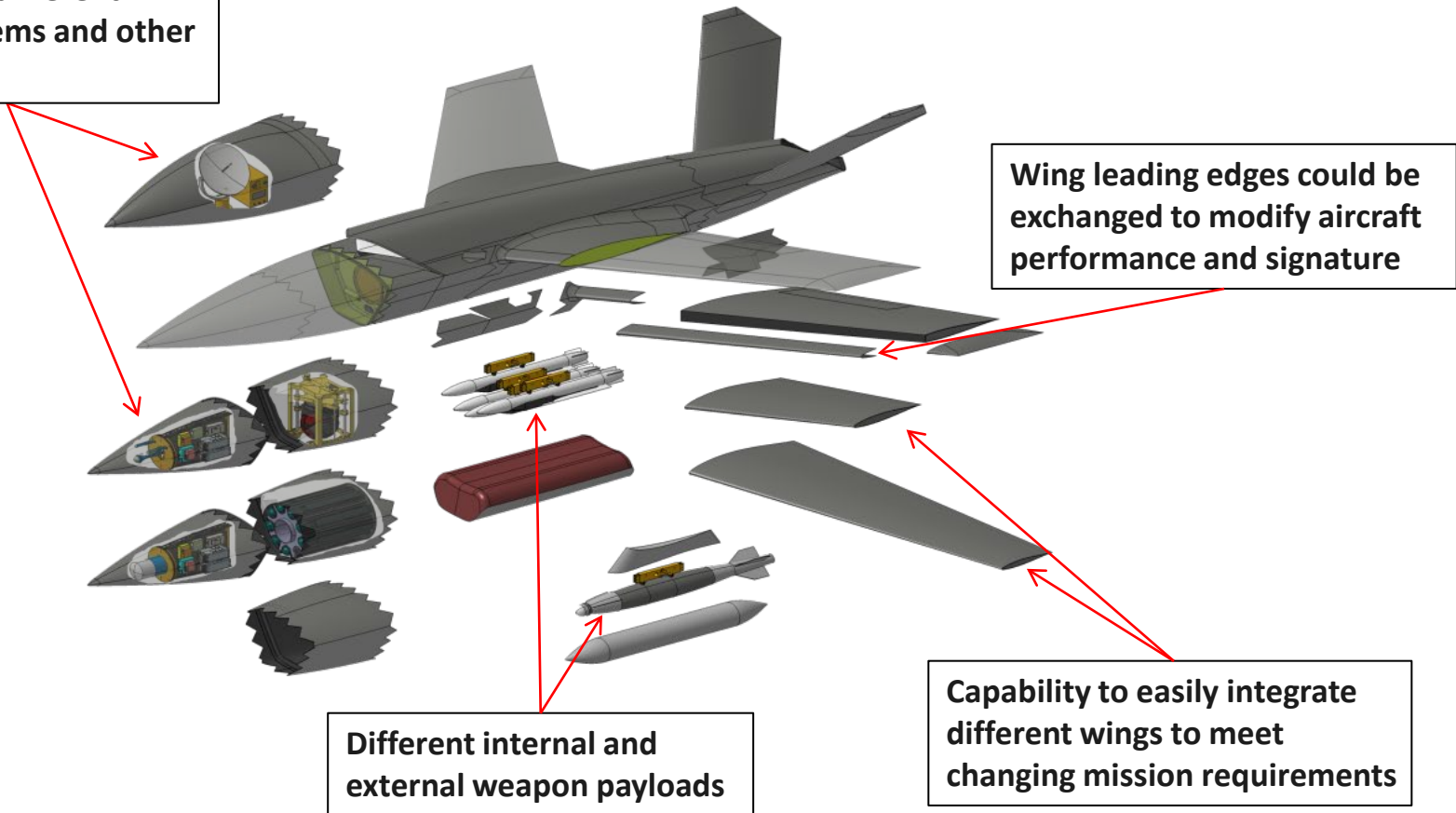
Payload, range, and affordability

- **A/R UAVs will not require expensive depot maintenance and other periodic sustainment, few flight hours for peacetime training**

	Range (takeoff to recovery)	Payload in Pounds	Launch and Recovery	Average Unit Cost	Cost per Flying Hour Compared to F-16
F-16C fighter	Air refuellable	16,000 external carriage	Long, improved runways	About \$70 million	Estimated \$21,000
Medium-large UAV (Valkyrie) with limited mission systems	3,000 nm	600-1,200+ internal, could include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Sensors ▪ Non-kinetic mission systems ▪ Decoy ▪ Comm node 	Rocket assisted takeoff (RATO), parachute recovery; may use runways of 5,000' or less	\$2-3 million	Less than 10%
Medium-large UAV (Valkyrie) with additional mission systems and variants	3,000 nm	600-1,200+ internal, could include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Sensors ▪ Non-kinetic mission systems ▪ Air-to-air missiles ▪ Air-to-ground weapons 	RATO, parachute recovery; may use runways of 5,000' or less	\$10-20 million depending on mission systems	Less than 10%

Illustrating modularity

Reconfigure aircraft front end to carry different mission systems and other payloads



- **Creates potential to accelerate manufacture of variants plus rapidly reconfigure in the field between sorties for different missions**



Increase survivability and lethality

- Act as reusable jammers, disrupt/disable/destroy scores of threats per sortie with high power microwaves, attack targets with small anti-radiation missiles, cue strikes by other aircraft

Stealth bomber or fighter receives data via LPI/LPD link, launches anti-radiation missile at emitting radar while remaining outside highest threat area

Teamed A/R UAVs collaboratively jam enemy radar by cycling active emissions between platforms

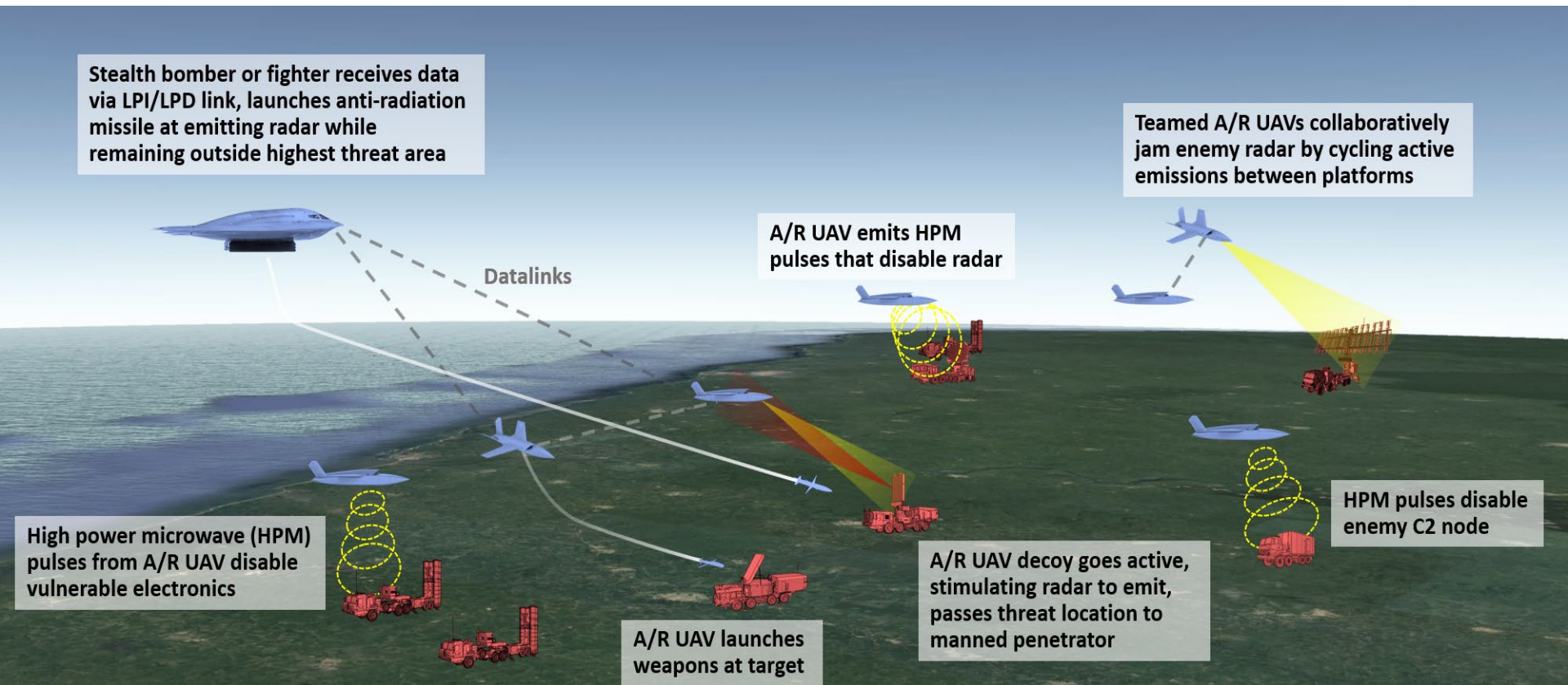
A/R UAV emits HPM pulses that disable radar

HPM pulses disable enemy C2 node

High power microwave (HPM) pulses from A/R UAV disable vulnerable electronics

A/R UAV decoy goes active, stimulating radar to emit, passes threat location to manned penetrator

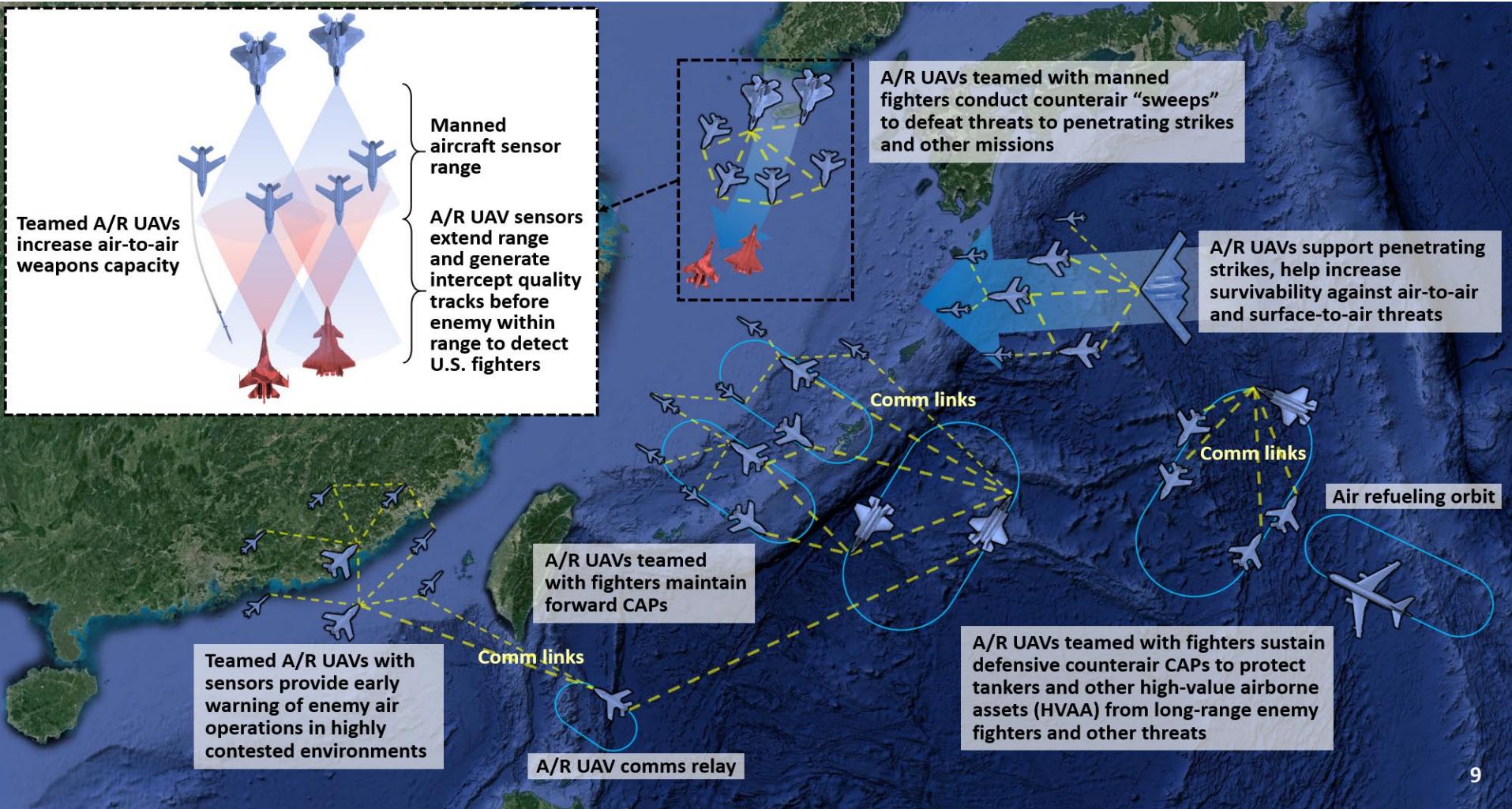
A/R UAV launches weapons at target





Offensive & defensive counterair operations networked with 5th generation aircraft

- Increase the USAF's operational risk tolerance in contested areas
- Multiply effects created by 5th gen combat aircraft, not replace them





Recommendations and insights

- The USAF should buy low-cost A/R UAVs in significant numbers to increase its combat capacity, lethality, and survivability in contested environments
- A/R UAVs will be complementary, force-multiplying capabilities, not replacements for 5th gen stealth aircraft needed to maintain the USAF's advantage over peer adversaries
- Given their modest payloads, A/R UAVs could have the greatest combat value if used for electromagnetic warfare, persistent C2ISR, and other non-kinetic missions that take advantage of their force-multiplying potential



Recommendations and insights (continued)

- The low cost and modularity of A/R UAVs will improve the USAF's ability to rapidly innovate, operationalize advanced technologies to meet changing requirements, and speed new capabilities to warfighters
- The Air Force should experiment to explore the value of A/R UAVs and quickly field prototypes to allow warfighters to develop concepts that maximize their warfighting potential
- The Air Force should also determine logistical support and other requirements to launch and recover large numbers of A/R UAVs from distributed theater locations without airfields



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Increase force survivability and lethality

- Act as reusable active and passive sensors, decoys, and conduct other electromagnetic warfare operations to increase survivability of penetrating combat aircraft and weapons

